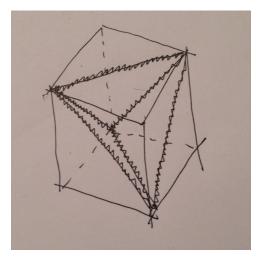
## Homework 1, Advanced Calculus DUE 2/15/17

Please hand in your home work before class, have it neatly written, organized (the grader will not decipher your notes), stapled, with your name and student ID on top.

**Problem 1.** Show that the polyhedron inscribed in the cube as shown in the (feeble) picture is a tetrahedron.



**Problem 2.** For each of the functions below calculate the directional derivative at the given point  $\mathring{x}$  in the direction of v:

- (i)  $f(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 x_2)^2$ ,  $\mathring{x} = (1, 1)$ , v = (2, 3)(ii)  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^3 x_2$ ,  $\mathring{x} = (1, 0)$ , v = (1, 1)(iii)  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$ ,  $\mathring{x} = (1, 1, 2)$ , v = (2, 3, 4)(iv)  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 x_2$ ,  $\mathring{x} = (0, 1)$ , v = (1, 0)(v)  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 x_2^2 x_3$ ,  $\mathring{x} = (1, 0, 1)$ , v = (0, 1, 2)

**Problem 3.** Find a general formula (some expression in x and v) for the directional derivative at the point  $x = (x_1, x_2)$  in the direction of  $v = (v_1, v_2)$  of the function

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \frac{x_1^3 x_2}{x_1^4 + x_2^2}$$

on the domain  $\mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{(0,0)\}$ . Use your formula to calculate the directional derivative at x = (1, 1) in the direction v = (1, 0).

**Problem 4.** In a cube of side length 10 with center at the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  the temperature distribution is given by the function

$$T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = 65 + \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2)$$

Calculate the rates of change of T per unit length at the origin in the directions of the two diagonals across the interior of the cube.

**Problem 5.** Calculate all the partial derivatives at an arbitrary point x for the functions below:

- (i)  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 x_2^2$ (ii)  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + x_2$ (iii)  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^3$ (iv)  $f(x_1, x_2) = \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2)$ (v)  $f(x_1, x_2) = \frac{1}{x_1 x_2}$  for  $x_1 \neq x_2$

**Problem 6.** Find a formula for the directional derivative at  $0 \neq x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  in direction  $v \in \mathbb{R}^n$  for the function f(x) = ||x||. Try to express your answer using only the letters x, v, the dot product  $\langle , \rangle$  and || ||.

Problem 7. Calculate the Jacobi matrix for the functions

- (i)  $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 x_2 x_3, x_1 + x_2 + x_3)$ (ii)  $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (\sin(x_1), \cos(x_2), e^{x_3})$

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